

Medical Policy: ARZERRA® (ofatumumab)

| POLICY NUMBER | LAST REVIEW | ORIGIN DATE |
|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| MG.MM.PH.133 | August 1, 2023 | July 15, 2019 |

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The treating physician or primary care provider must submit to EmblemHealth, or ConnectiCare, as applicable (hereinafter jointly referred to as "EmblemHealth"), the clinical evidence that the member meets the criteria for the treatment or surgical procedure. Without this documentation and information, EmblemHealth will not be able to properly review the request preauthorization or post-payment review. The clinical review criteria expressed below reflects how EmblemHealth determines whether certain services or supplies are medically necessary. This clinical policy is not intended to pre-empt the judgment of the reviewing medical director or dictate to health care providers how to practice medicine. Health care providers are expected to exercise their medical judgment in rendering appropriate care. Health care providers are expected to exercise their medical judgment in rendering appropriate care.

EmblemHealth established the clinical review criteria based upon a review of currently available clinical information (including clinical outcome studies in the peer reviewed published medical literature, regulatory status of the technology, evidence-based guidelines of public health and health research agencies, evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations, views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and other relevant factors). EmblemHealth expressly reserves the right to revise these conclusions as clinical information changes and welcomes further relevant information. Each benefit program defines which services are covered. The conclusion that a particular service or supply is medically necessary does not constitute a representation or warranty that this service or supply is covered and/or paid for by EmblemHealth, as some programs exclude coverage for services or supplies that EmblemHealth considers medically necessary.

If there is a discrepancy between this guideline and a member's benefits program, the benefits program will govern. Identification of selected brand names of devices, tests and procedures in a medical coverage policy is for reference only and is not an endorsement of any one device, test or procedure over another. In addition, coverage may be mandated by applicable legal requirements of a state, the Federal Government or the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) for Medicare and Medicaid members. All coding and web site links are accurate at time of publication.

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Definitions

Arzerra (ofatumumab): is a human IgG1-kappa monoclonal antibody that binds to the CD20 molecule on normal B lymphocytes and on B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia, resulting in B-cell lysis. The epitope which ofatumumab binds is different from the binding sites targeted by other CD20 antibodies that are currently available such as rituximab. Also, ofatumumab appears to have a slower off-rate and more stable CD20 binding as compared with rituximab. The slower off-rate and more stable binding may be responsible for ofatumumab's efficacy against cells with low CD20-antigen density and high expression of complement inhibitory molecules. In vitro, ofatumumab lyses rituximab-resistant Raji cells and CD20 low-expressing chronic lymphocytic leukemia cells in the presence of human plasma or unfractionated blood. Also, ofatumumab appears to be active against B- cell lymphoma/chronic lymphocytic leukemia cells with high expression of complement inhibitory molecules.

Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed.

Dosing Limits [Medical Benefit]

Max Units (per dose and over time) [Medical Benefit]:

CLL/SLL

- 1. First line
 - a. 30 Billable units on day 1 and 100 billable units on day 8
 - b. 100 Billable units every 28 days for up to 11 doses

2. Refractory

- a. 30 Billable units on day 1; then
- b. 200 Billable units weekly x 7 doses; then
- c. 200 Billable units weekly every 28 days x 4 doses

3. Relapsed

- a. 30 Billable units on day 1 and 100 billable units on day 8; then
- b. 100 Billable units every 28 days for up to 5 doses

4. Extended Treatment

- a. 30 Billable units on day 1 and 100 billable units on day 8; then
- b. 100 Billable units 7 weeks later and every 8 weeks therafter.

• Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia

- a. 30 Billable units on day 1; then
- b. 100 Billable units 7 weeks x 4 doses.

Guideline

I. Initial Approval Criteria

<u>Arzerra</u> may be considered medically necessary if one of the below conditions are met **AND** use is consistent with the medical necessity criteria that follows:

1. Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)

- A. The member has stage III-IV CLL, or if Stage 0-II disease, member must have bulky adenopathy, splenomegaly, OR systemic symptoms AND Arzerra (ofatumumab) is being used for the following:
 - i. As first line therapy in combination with chlorambucil or bendamustine in members who are unable to tolerate or has contraindications to fludarabine **OR**
 - ii. As a single agent for members refractory to Fludara (fludarabine) AND Campath (alemtuzumab). Refractoriness is defined as a failure to achieve at least a partial response, or disease progression during treatment or within 6 months of the last dose of at least 2 cycles of fludarabine and at least 12 doses of alemtuzumab OR
 - iii. In combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for the treatment of patients with relapsed CLL; **OR**
 - iv. for extended treatment of patients who are in complete or partial response after at least two lines of therapy for recurrent or progressive disease

2. Waldenstrom's Macroglobulemia

- A. Used as a single agent **OR** as part of combination therapy; **AND**
- B. Patient is intolerant to rituximab; AND
 - i. Patient has previously failed primary therapy; **OR**
 - ii. Patient has progressive or relapsed disease

Limitations/Exclusions

Arzerra (ofatumumab) is not considered medically necessary for when any of the following selection criteria is met:

- 1. Member has disease progression while taking Arzerra (ofatumumab).
- 2. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Arzerra (ofatumumab) 2000 mg.
- 3. Treatment with Arzerra (ofatumumab) exceeds the maximum duration limit of 12 doses over 24 weeks for previously treated CLL or maximum 12 cycles for previously untreated CLL
- 4. Treatment with Arzerra (ofatumumab) exceeds the maximum duration limit of 2 years for extended treatment in CLL
- 5. Indications not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

II. Renewal Criteria

- 1. Patient continues to meet criteria in Intial Approval Criteria; AND
- 2. Tumor response with stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; AND
- 3. Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include the following: progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy, severe infusion reactions, tumor lysis syndrome, cytopenias (neutropenia, anemia, and thrombocytopenia), etc.

Dosage/Administration

| Indication | Dose | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| CLL/SLL (First-line) | Administer 300 mg on Day 1, then 1,000 mg on Day 8, followed by 1,000 mg on Day 1 of subsequent 28-day cycles for a minimum of 3 cycles until best response or a maximum of 12 cycles | | |
| CLL/SLL (Single agent subsequent therapy | Administer 300 mg on Day 1, followed 1 week later by 2,000 mg given weekly x 7 doses (infusions 2 through 8), followed 4 weeks later by 2,000 mg every 4 weeks for 4 doses (infusions 9 through 12) for a total of 12 doses | | |
| CLL/SLL (Relapsed) | Administer 300 mg on Day 1, then 1,000 mg on Day 8, followed by 1,000 mg on Day 1 of subsequent 28-day cycles for a maximum of 6 cycles | | |
| CLL/SLL (Extended treatment) | Administer 300 mg on Day 1, then 1,000 mg on Day 8, followed by 1,000 mg 7 weeks later and every 8 weeks thereafter for up to a maximum of 2 years | | |
| Waldenström's/ | Cycle 1: | | |
| Lymphoplasmacytic | • Administer 300 mg on day 1, then 1,000 mg weekly for weeks 2 through 4; OR | | |
| lymphoma | • Administer 300 mg on day 1, then 2,000 mg weekly for weeks 2 through 5 | | |
| | Cycle 2-3: | | |
| | • Patients with stable disease or a minor response at week 16 of cycle 1 are eligible to receive a re-dosing cycle of 300 mg on day 1, then 2,000 mg for weeks 2 through 5. | | |
| | Patients responding to cycle 1 or the redosing cycle who developed disease | | |
| | progression within 36 months can receive treatment with 300 mg on day 1, then | | |

Applicable Procedure Codes

| Code | Description |
|-------|---|
| J9302 | Injection, ofatumumab, 10 mg, 1 billable unit = 10 mg |

Applicable NDCs

| Code | Description | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 00078-0690-xx | Arzerra 1000 mg/50 ml single use vial | |
| 00078-0669-xx | Arzerra 100 mg/5 ml single use vial | |

ICD-10 Diagnoses

| Code | Description |
|--------|---|
| C83.00 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, unspecified site |
| C83.01 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of head, face and neck |
| C83.02 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intrathoracic lymph nodes |
| C83.03 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intra-abdominal lymph nodes |
| C83.04 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of axilla and upper limb |
| C83.05 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of inguinal region and lower limb |
| C83.06 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intrapelvic lymph nodes |
| C83.07 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, spleen |
| C83.08 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of multiple sites |
| C83.09 | Small cell B-cell lymphoma, extranodal and solid organ sites |
| C88.0 | Waldenström macroglobulinemia |
| C91.10 | Chronic lymphocytic leukemia of B-cell type not having achieved remission |
| C91.12 | Chronic lymphocytic leukemia of B-cell type in relapse |

Revision History

| Company(ies) | DATE | REVISION |
|----------------|----------|---|
| EmblemHealth & | 8/1/2023 | Annual Review: |
| ConnectiCare | | Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL): Initial Criteria: |
| | | Removed "Maintenance therapy as second-line extended dosing following complete or partial response to relapsed or refractory therapy." |
| | | Added "in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide for the treatment of patients with relapsed CLL; OR for extended treatment of patients who are in complete or partial response after at least two lines of therapy for recurrent or progressive disease" |
| | | Waldenstrom's Macroglobulemia: Initial Criteria: |
| | | Removed "Given as a single agent salvage therapy to Rituxan – intolerant patients who don't respond to primary therapy." Added "Used as a single agent OR as part of combination therapy; AND C. Patient is intolerant to rituximab; AND |

| | | iii. Patient has previously failed primary therapy; OR iv. Patient has progressive or relapsed disease" Updated dosing chart Removed ICD-10 Codes: Z85.72 Z85.79 |
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| EmblemHealth & ConnectiCare | 3/23/2022 | Transferred policy to new template |
| EmblemHealth & ConnectiCare | 7/15/2019 | Annual review – no changes |

References

- 1. Arzerra prescribing information. GSK, Research Triangle Park, NC. 2016.
- 2. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard. 2018.
- 3. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Thomson Micromedex, Greenwood Village, Co. 2018.
- 4. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium. 2018
- 5. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD. 2018.